Adult Protective Services – Field Operations (4280)

Presented to House Finance Division III

LOB Room 210 March 2017

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- Overview of Agency (or Division or activity)
- Key Programs / Services
- Population Served
- Delivery System
- Financial Summary
- Accomplishments
- Key Challenges



- ➤ Carries out the legal requirements of NH RSA 161-F: 42-57, the Protective Services to Adults Law under the Adult Protection Program.
- Provides protection for vulnerable adults who are age 18 and older, who are abused, neglected, exploited, or self-neglecting.
- Strengthen Statewide adult protection efforts in conjunction with the elder justice system, law enforcement, Office of the Long-Term Care Ombudsman and community partners.



Types of Clients and Services

Protective Services

Most seniors and adults with disabilities live independently without assistance, however some face abuse or neglect by others and need trained professionals to advocate on their behalf. Others may simply be struggling with routine activities and benefit from in-home support services to maintain their health and independence.

APS helps by assessing each individual's unique needs, then developing a service plan to maintain his/her safety, health and independence.

The overall goal of the service is to promote safety of vulnerable adults, identify and meet the needs of incapacitated adults and to decrease the incidence of self-neglect and maltreatment by others.

Services include:

- ** Counseling and case management services provided directly by the APSW
- ** Services authorized or coordinated by the APSW and provided by other individuals or agencies
- ** Services coordinated by the APSW and provided by families, community organizations or volunteer groups



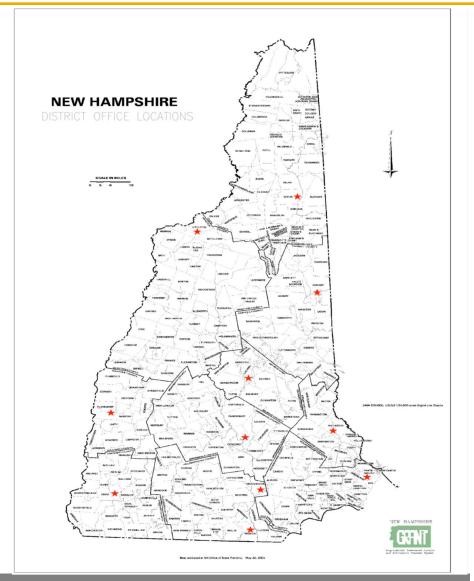
| Year * | APS Total | Protective Reports | Open Cases | Information & Referral |
|--------|-----------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| 2012 | 8,102 | 2,716 | 1,151 | 4,235 |
| 2013 | 8,113 | 2,543 | 1,243 | 4,327 |
| 2014 | 7,009 | 3,349 | 1,268 | 2,392 |
| 2015 | 6,899 | 3,255 | 745 | 2,899 |
| 2016 | 7,155 | 3,724 | 735 | 2,696 |
| 2017 * | 4,118 | 2,016 | 610 | 1,492 |



^{*} Dates are as of State Fiscal Year end, 2017 through January 2017 only

Delivery System – District Offices State Staff

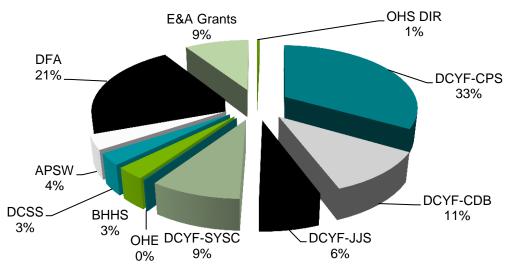
| Location | Head Count | Admin |
|-----------------|---------------------|-------|
| Berlin | 4 FTE | |
| Littleton | 2 FTE | |
| Conway | 1 FTE | |
| Laconia | 5 FTE | |
| Claremont | 5 FTE | |
| Concord | 3 FTE | 3 FTE |
| Rochester | 6 FTE | |
| Keene | 5 FTE | |
| Manchester | 7 FTE | |
| Southern | 7 FTE | |
| Seacoast | 6 FTE | |
| Intake/Registry | 8 FTE (2 Vacant) | |





Major Spend – General Funds – Office of Human Services

Total SFY18 & SFY 19



| Total | SFY 16 Actual | SFY 17 Adjusted Authorized | SFY 18 Agency Request | SFY 18 Governor's Budget | SFY 19 Agency Request | SFY 19 Governor's Budget |
|---------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total Funds | \$240.1 | \$260.9 | \$281.6 | \$287.1 | \$283.7 | \$289.3 |
| General Funds | \$123.2 | \$127.2 | \$130.8 | \$131.7 | \$132.2 | \$133.3 |
| APSW GF | \$4.8 | \$5.1 | \$5.0 | \$4.9 | \$5.1 | \$5.0 |
| Amounts in millions | | | | | | |



| # FTE 16-17 | # FTE 18-19 Funded | # FTE 18-19 Unfunded | # FTE 18-19 Totals | % | | Activity |
|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------|------------------------------------|
| | 11 | 1 | 12 | 1.3% | 4200 | OHS Director |
| 322 | 380 | 12 | 392 | 41.8% | 4210 | DCYF - Child Protection |
| 10 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 1.1% | 4211 | DCYF - Child Development |
| 111 | 108 | 1 | 109 | 11.6% | 4214 | DCYF - Juvenile Justice Services |
| 143 | 123 | 18 | 141 | 15.0% | 4215 | DCYF - Sununu Youth Service Center |
| 8 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 1.1% | 4220 | Office of Health Equity |
| 6 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0.5% | 4230 | Bureau of Homeless and Housing |
| 155 | 133 | 7 | 140 | 14.9% | 4270 | Division of Child Support Services |
| 66 | 62 | 0 | 62 | 6.6% | 4280 | Adult Protective Services |
| 52 | 46 | 0 | 46 | 4.9% | 4500 | Division of Family Assistance |
| 9 | 9 | 1 | 10 | 1.1% | 4810 | Elderly and Adult Grants |



Staff Longevity/Retention

Average length of APS staff is 10 years

Centralized Intake

Considered Best Practice in that it brings about uniformity and a consistent methodology for assessing whether the information provided rises to the level of abuse/neglect. Also, lessens the confusion as to which office to report to.

Collaboration with Community Partners

Participation in community groups such as Elder Wrap teams. Helps to problem solve different cases and avoids duplication of services and gaps in service.

Key Partner in the Elder Abuse Summit

The overall goal was to develop recommendations for increasing collaborations, maximizing resources and creating effective responses to address the growing problem of elder financial exploitation in New Hampshire. Key activities included the planning and implementation of a multisector initiative in two phases. Professionals from criminal justice, banking, legal services and community supports were involved to develop recommendations which were then shared at five regional meetings across the state.



Major Challenges

Workforce at DHHS and Providers

APS currently has five offices with no clerical positions. Short staffing in other areas of the Department may impact timely eligibility for supports or services such as Choices for Independence.

The shortage of community providers impacts the ability for APS to provide remediation in a timely way for some of the challenging cases.

Aging Population

New Hampshire is the second fastest growing "oldest state".

Opioid Crisis

We have seen an increase in more self-neglect cases involving substance misuse disorders as well as an increase in exploitation cases involving alleged perpetrators with substance misuse disorders. Some reports involve medication diversion while other exploitation reports involve an alleged perpetrator who is suspected to have substance misuse disorder using a vulnerable persons money or other assets.

